# NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

TECHNICAL NOTE 2590

CALCULATIONS ON THE FORCES AND MOMENTS FOR AN OSCILLATING WING-AILERON COMBINATION IN

TWO-DIMENSIONAL POTENTIAL FLOW

AT SONIC SPEED

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## SUMMARY

The linearized theory for compressible unsteady flow is used, as suggested in recent contributions to the subject, to obtain the velocity potential and the lift and moment for a thin, harmonically oscillating, two-dimensional wing-aileron combination moving at sonic speed. The velocity potential is derived by considering the sonic case as the limit of the linearized supersonic theory. From the velocity potential explicit expressions for the lift and moment are developed for vertical translation and pitching of the wing and rotation of the aileron. The paper provides extensive tables of numerical values for the coefficients contained in the expressions for lift and moment, for various values of the reduced frequency k (0 <  $k \le 3.5$ ) and aileron hinge position (from 10 to 90 percent of the wing chord). The sonic results are compared and found to be consistent with previously obtained subsonic and supersonic results. Several figures are presented showing the variation of lift and moment with reduced frequency and Mach number and the influence of Mach number on some cases of bending-torsion flutter.

## INTRODUCTION

Instability investigations for high-speed aircraft often require a knowledge of the air forces and moments that act on an oscillating wing moving at high speed. For subsonic and supersonic speeds the main source of theoretical information has been the solution of the linearized differential equation for compressible flow. For sonic or near-sonic speed, however, the linearized theory has been generally assumed inapplicable, since it does not allow for thickness effects, shocks, and strong disturbances. As is well known, it predicts infinite forces on a non-oscillating, thin, unswept wing moving at sonic speed.

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Important differences exist, however, between the steady and unsteady cases. By a discussion of the order of magnitude of the terms of the general nonlinear differential equation for compressible flow. reference 1 shows that for unsteady two-dimensional flow at sonic speed this equation is essentially linear and in linear form leads to physically plausible results for the forces on a thin oscillating wing, provided the frequency of oscillation is sufficiently large. A similar conclusion was reached in reference 2, where linear methods applied to a wing in two-dimensional nonstationary flow at sonic speed yielded perturbation velocities of the same order of magnitude as those obtained for subsonic or supersonic speeds. In references 3 and 4 expressions and some numerical values are given for the lift forces and moments on an oscillating two-dimensional wing moving at sonic speed. Because of the importance of the sonic problem in present-day flight considerations and because of the insight into the three-dimensional problem that the solution for two-dimensional flow will probably afford, the purpose of the present paper is to develop the two-dimensional case more fully.

Consideration is thus given to the case of an oscillating wing-aileron combination in two-dimensional flow at sonic speed. The velocity potential for this case is obtained, and from the velocity potential expressions for the air forces and moments on the wing-aileron combination are developed in terms of the frequency of oscillation. Numerical tables of the coefficients contained in the expressions for lift and moment are supplied which may be used for the theoretical calculations involved in wing flutter and other instability problems for sonic speed. The tables provide a means for obtaining continuity of calculation between high-subsonic and low-supersonic results for the oscillating wing-aileron combination in two-dimensional flow.

Because of the small-disturbance assumption, the theory and subsequent results are subject to the same restrictions imposed on all small-perturbation theory, subsonic and supersonic. In addition, as the frequency approaches zero, the difficulties of the steady linearized problem are encountered; therefore the validity of the subsequent results is subject to question for the range of low frequencies. Moreover, uncertainty exists because the linear unsteady results are considered to represent disturbances from an equilibrium position that is governed by nonlinear relations, and a great amount of experimentation may be necessary to determine the region of validity for the calculations. Nevertheless, the results serve as a bridge between subsonic and supersonic theory and may be applicable for a range of high frequencies.

#### SYMBOLS

a	velocity of sound in undisturbed medium
Ъ	wing semichord
cı	section lift coefficient
c <sub>m</sub>	section moment coefficient about leading edge
$f(r_j)$	Fresnel integral defined in equation (23)
h	vertical displacement of axis of rotation
$J_{O}(\lambda)$	Bessel function of zero order (first kind)
k ·	reduced frequency (wb/V)
$k' = \frac{\omega b}{a}$	
$L_{i},M_{i},N_{i}$	quantities defined by equation (22); $i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,$ and $6$
L <sub>i</sub> ',M <sub>i</sub> ',N <sub>i</sub> '	quantities defined by equation (23); independent of wing axis-of-rotation position
m	mass of wing per unit span
M	Mach number (V/a)
$M_{\alpha}$	aerodynamic section moment on wing about axis of rotation, positive leading edge up
$\mathbf{M}_{\boldsymbol{\beta}}$	aerodynamic section moment on aileron about its hinge, positive leading edge up
Δ <b>p</b>	pressure difference
P	aerodynamic section normal force, positive downward
<b>t</b>	time
V	flight speed
w(2bx,t)	normal velocity at x, at time t

x,z	nondimensional rectangular coordinates, referred to 2b
x' = 2bx	
y' = 2by	
z' = 2bz	4
<b>x</b> O	abscissa of axis of rotation of wing section; referred to 2b
x <sub>1</sub>	abscissa of aileron hinge; referred to 2b
x <sub>a</sub>	location of center of gravity of wing-aileron system measured from elastic axis (see reference 5)
α	angular displacement (pitch) about axis of rotation
$\alpha_{ m h}$	effective angle of attack due to vertical translation ( $\dot{h}/V$ )
β	angular displacement of aileron; measured relative to $\alpha$
$ heta_{ ext{h}}$	phase angle between lift due to h and bending velocity h
$\theta_{\mathbf{c}}$	phase angle between lift due to $\alpha$ and position $\alpha$
$\theta_{ m hm}$	phase angle between moment due to $h$ and bending velocity $\dot{h}$
$\theta_{\text{cam}}$	phase angle between moment due to $\alpha$ and position $\alpha$
κ	density parameter $\left(\frac{\pi \rho b^2}{m}\right)$ ; reference 5 uses $\mu = \frac{\pi}{4} \frac{1}{\kappa}$
<b>£</b>	abscissa of point of disturbance; referred to 2b
$\xi^{\dagger} = 2b\xi$	
ρ	density in main stream
т	time variable
<sup>T</sup> 1, <sup>T</sup> 2	times required for transmittal of disturbance to field point
ø	disturbance velocity potential
ω .	angular frequency of oscillation

w<sub>h</sub>

natural bending frequency of wing

War.

natural torsional frequency of wing

## ANALYSIS

The theory presented herein for two-dimensional flow at sonic speed is based on the assumptions that the two wing surfaces act independently and that wake effects are absent. Thus the sonic case as treated is more akin to the supersonic than the subsonic case. The velocity potential for the oscillating two-dimensional wing moving at sonic speed is derived by allowing the Mach number M to approach unity in the velocity potential for the wing moving at supersonic speed. An alternative derivation is also given in which the potential is obtained directly from the linearized differential equation by a method of solution employing the Laplace transformation. In reference 3 Rott obtained the velocity potential by superposition of the elementary source solution of the linearized differential equation.

Velocity potential for sonic speed. - Consider first the velocity potential for a harmonically oscillating two-dimensional wing moving at supersonic speed, given in reference 5 as

$$\phi(2bx,t) = -\frac{2b}{\pi\sqrt{M^2 - 1}} \int_0^x \int_{\tau_1}^{\tau_2} \frac{w(2b\xi,t)e^{-i\omega\tau} d\tau d\xi}{\sqrt{(\tau - \tau_1)(\tau_2 - \tau)}}$$
(1)

where

$$\tau_1 = \frac{2b(x - \xi)}{a(M + 1)}$$

$$\tau_2 = \frac{2b(x - \xi)}{a(M - 1)}$$

a is the speed of sound in the undisturbed medium, x and  $\xi$  are nondimensional coordinates referred to the wing chord 2b, w(2b $\xi$ ,t) is the prescribed local normal velocity at the wing surface, and  $\omega$  is the frequency of oscillation. The integral in equation (1) represents the total effect of all the disturbances created by the wing. The time-lag functions  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$  are associated with the two pulses that occur at the point x because of a disturbance created at the point  $\xi$  (see

reference 5 for more complete discussion). Another form for equation (1), also given in reference 5, is

$$\phi(2bx,t) = -\frac{2b}{\sqrt{M^2 - 1}} \int_0^x w(2b\xi,t) e^{-i2k! \frac{M(x-\xi)}{M^2 - 1}} J_0\left(2k! \frac{x-\xi}{M^2 - 1}\right) d\xi$$
 (2)

where  $k' = \frac{b\omega}{a}$ .

As the Mach number M approaches unity the argument of the Bessel function  $J_0$  in equation (2) becomes infinite, and the following asymptotic approximation is applicable:

$$\lim_{M \to 1} J_0 \left( 2k' \frac{x - \xi}{M^2 - 1} \right) = \sqrt{\frac{M^2 - 1}{\pi k(x - \xi)}} \cos \left( 2k \frac{x - \xi}{M^2 - 1} - \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$
(3)

where on the right-hand side  $\,k'\,$  has been replaced by  $\,k\,$  since  $\,k=\frac{b\omega}{V}\,$  and  $\,k'\,=\,\lim_{M\longrightarrow 1}\,k.\,$  At  $\,M\,=\,1\,$  the time-lag function  $\,\tau_2\,$  contained

in equation (1) becomes infinite and the influence of one of the two pulses characteristic of supersonic flow becomes vanishingly small. (By considering the sonic case as a limit from the subsonic side, the wing at sonic speed cannot overtake the second pulse.)

By letting M approach unity in equation (2) and using equation (3) in the process, the sonic velocity potential is found to be

$$\phi(2bx,t) = -2b \int_0^x w(2b\xi,t)G(x - \xi)d\xi$$
 (4)

where

$$G(x) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{-ikx}}{\sqrt{i\pi kx}}$$

Equation (4) can also be obtained directly from the linearized differential equation for two-dimensional compressible flow, which may be written as

$$\frac{1}{a^2} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + V \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right)^2 \phi = \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x'^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial z'^2} , \qquad (5)$$

For the harmonically oscillating wing moving at sonic speed, equation (5) becomes

$$\frac{\partial z'^2}{\partial z'^2} = -\frac{a^2}{\omega^2} \psi + \frac{a}{2i\omega} \frac{\partial x'}{\partial x'} \tag{6}$$

where the disturbance velocity potential  $\phi$  is related to  $\psi$  by

$$\emptyset(x',z',t) = \psi(x',z')e^{i\omega t}$$

and x' = 2bx and z' = 2bz. The mean position of the wing (given by z' = 0 and  $x' \ge 0$ ) and the rectangular coordinate system being used are moving at velocity V = a in the negative x'-direction, as shown in figure 1. Since this paper is concerned only with the lift of a thin wing, the boundary conditions that equation (6) must satisfy are

$$\left(\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z'}\right)_{z'=\pm 0} = w(x') \qquad (x' \ge 0) \quad (7)$$

$$\psi \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } z' \rightarrow \pm \infty$$
 (8)

$$\psi = 0 \qquad (x' < 0) \quad (9)$$

In accordance with small-disturbance linearized theory the boundary conditions are expressed for the mean position of the wing rather than the wing itself. Equation (7) implies that the normal-velocity distribution on the wing is given; equation (8) is a condition on the behavior at infinity (the manner of approaching zero is associated with the radiation condition of Sommerfeld); equation (9) is the condition that no disturbances be propagated forward of the wing. Since the velocity potential must be continuous, equation (9) implies that

$$\psi(+0,z') = \psi(-0,z') = 0$$

Equations (6) to (9) constitute the boundary-value problem for the velocity potential  $\phi$ .

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As a matter of possible interest an alternative derivation of equation (4) that makes use of the Laplace transformation (as was done by Stewartson in reference 6 for supersonic flow) is presented. Applying the Laplace transform

$$\overline{\psi}(s,z') = \int_0^\infty e^{-sx'} \psi(x',z') dx'$$

to equations (6) to (9) yields

$$\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}^2\overline{\psi}}{\mathrm{d}z^{2}}\right) = \left(\frac{2\mathrm{i}\omega}{a} \ s - \frac{\omega^2}{a^2}\right)\overline{\psi} \equiv \mu^2\overline{\psi} \tag{10}$$

$$\left(\frac{d\overline{\psi}}{dz^{\dagger}}\right)_{z^{\dagger}=\pm 0} = w(s) \tag{11}$$

$$\overline{\psi} \longrightarrow 0 \text{ as } z' \longrightarrow \pm \infty$$
 (12)

From equations (10) to (12) the value for  $\overline{\psi}$  is

$$\widetilde{\Psi} = -\frac{\mathbf{z'}}{|\mathbf{z'}|} \frac{\mathbf{w(s)} e^{-\mu \mathbf{z'}}}{\mu}$$
 (13)

From equation (13) the value for  $\overline{\psi}$  at the upper surface of the wing (z' = +0) is

$$\overline{\Psi} = -\frac{\Psi(s)}{\mu} \tag{14}$$

Applying the inverse transform to equation (14) yields

$$\psi(x',+0) = -\int_0^{x'} w(\xi')G(x' - \xi')d\xi'$$

or

$$\phi(x',+0,t) = -e^{i\omega t} \int_{0}^{x'} w(\xi')G(x'-\xi')d\xi'$$
 (15)

where

$$G(x') = \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{-\frac{i\omega}{2a}x'}}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot \frac{i\omega}{2a} x'}}$$

$$\xi' = 2b\xi$$

Equations (15) and (4) are identical, each giving the velocity potential at the upper surface of the wing.

Application to wing-aileron combination. For the particular case of the wing-aileron combination oscillating harmonically in vertical translation h, pitch  $\alpha$ , and aileron rotation  $\beta$  (see fig. l(b)), the normal velocity at a point x of the wing chord may be expressed as

$$w(2bx,t) = -[\dot{h} + V\alpha + 2b(x - x_0)\dot{\alpha} + V\beta + 2b(x - x_1)\dot{\beta}]$$
 (16)

where

$$h = h_0 e^{i\omega t}$$

$$\alpha = \alpha_0 e^{i\omega t}$$

$$\beta = \beta_0 e^{i\omega t}$$

 $h_0$ ,  $\alpha_0$ , and  $\beta_0$  are complex amplitudes, and the  $\beta$  terms are to be interpreted as zero for  $x < x_1$ . Since linearized theory is being employed, the potential given in equation (4) may be considered as the sum of five potentials, each of which is associated with one of the terms on the right-hand side of equation (16). Hence the potential may be written as

$$\phi = \phi_{\dot{\mathbf{n}}} + \phi_{\alpha} + \phi_{\dot{\alpha}} + \phi_{\beta} + \phi_{\dot{\beta}} \tag{17}$$

where upon substituting equation (16) into equation (4)

$$\phi_{\dot{h}} = 2b\dot{h} \int_{0}^{x} G(x - \xi)d\xi$$

$$\phi_{\alpha} = 2bV\alpha \int_{0}^{x} G(x - \xi)d\xi$$

$$\phi_{\dot{\alpha}} = 4b^{2\dot{\alpha}} \int_{0}^{x} (\xi - x_{0})G(x - \xi)d\xi$$

$$\phi_{\dot{\beta}} = 2bV\beta \int_{x_{1}}^{x} G(x - \xi)d\xi$$

$$\phi_{\dot{\beta}} = 4b^{2\dot{\beta}} \int_{x_{1}}^{x} (\xi - x_{1})G(x - \xi)d\xi$$

Forces and moments. The velocity potential for the upper wing surface given in equation (4) is antisymmetric with respect to the plane z=0, as may be noted in the boundary condition, equation (7). The local pressure difference, positive downward, between the upper and lower surfaces of the wing at any point x is obtained from equation (4) by means of

$$\nabla b = -5b \left( \frac{9t}{90} + \frac{5p}{\Lambda} \frac{9x}{90} \right)$$

where  $\rho$  is the density of the undisturbed medium. The force (positive downward) acting on a wing section is therefore

$$P = 2b \int_0^1 \Delta p \, dx \tag{18}$$

The moments (positive leading edge up) acting on the entire wing section about the axis of rotation at  $x_0$  and on the aileron section about the hinge point  $x_1$  are, respectively,

$$M_{\alpha} = 4b^2 \int_0^1 (x - x_0) \Delta p \ dx \qquad (19)$$

$$M_{\beta} = 4b^2 \int_{x_1}^{1} (x - x_1) \Delta p \, dx$$
 (20)

Upon substituting equation (17) into equations (18), (19), and (20) and performing the indicated integrations, the results may be written as

$$P = -4\rho b V^{2} k^{2} e^{i\omega t} \left[ \frac{\bar{h}_{0}}{b} (L_{1} + iL_{2}) + \alpha_{0} (L_{3} + iL_{4}) + \beta_{0} (L_{5} + iL_{6}) \right]$$

$$M_{\alpha} = -4\rho b^{2} V^{2} k^{2} e^{i\omega t} \left[ \frac{\bar{h}_{0}}{b} (M_{1} + iM_{2}) + \alpha_{0} (M_{3} + iM_{4}) + \beta_{0} (M_{5} + iM_{6}) \right]$$

$$M_{\beta} = -4\rho b^{2} V^{2} k^{2} e^{i\omega t} \left[ \frac{\bar{h}_{0}}{b} (N_{1} + iN_{2}) + \alpha_{0} (N_{3} + iN_{4}) + \beta_{0} (N_{5} + iN_{6}) \right]$$

$$(21)$$

The coefficients of equation (21) can be expressed as follows with primed quantities introduced for convenience in numerical tabulation to denote terms independent of the wing-axis-of-rotation position  $x_0$  (referred to  $x_0 = 0$ ):

$$L_{1} + iL_{2} = L_{1}' + iL_{2}'$$

$$L_{3} + iL_{4} = L_{3}' + iL_{4}' - 2x_{0}(L_{1}' + iL_{2}')$$

$$L_{5} + iL_{6} = L_{5}' + iL_{6}'$$

$$M_{1} + iM_{2} = M_{1}' + iM_{2}' - 2x_{0}(L_{1}' + iL_{2}')$$

$$M_{3} + iM_{4} = M_{3}' + iM_{4}' - 2x_{0}(M_{1}' + iM_{2}') + (L_{3}' + iL_{4}') + (L_{3}' + iL_{4}')$$

$$M_{5} + iM_{6} = N_{5}' + iN_{6}' + 2(x_{1} - x_{0})(L_{5}' + iL_{6}')$$

$$N_{1} + iN_{2} = N_{1}' + iN_{2}' + M_{1}' + iM_{2}' - 2x_{1}(L_{1}' + iL_{2}')$$

$$N_{3} + iN_{4} = N_{3}' + iN_{4}' - 2x_{0}(N_{1} + iN_{2})$$

$$N_{5} + iN_{6} = N_{5}' + iN_{6}'$$

$$(22)$$

The primed quantities, as a result of integration by parts, can be expressed as

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{L_{1}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{L_{2}'} &= -\frac{1-\frac{1}{r_{0}}}{r_{0}} \, \mathbf{f} \left( \mathbf{r_{0}} \right) + \frac{1+\frac{1}{r_{0}^{2}}}{r_{0}^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{r_{0}}{2\pi}} \, \mathbf{e^{-ir_{0}}} \\ \mathbf{L_{3}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{L_{4}'} &= \frac{1-\frac{1}{2r_{0}}}{2r_{0}} \left( -2 + \frac{2i}{r_{0}} + \frac{1}{2r_{0}^{2}} \right) \mathbf{f} \left( \mathbf{r_{0}} \right) + \frac{1+\frac{1}{2}}{2r_{0}^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{r_{0}}{2\pi}} \, \mathbf{e^{-ir_{0}}} \left( 2 - \frac{1}{r_{0}} \right) \\ \mathbf{L_{5}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{L_{6}'} &= \left( 1 - \mathbf{x_{1}} \right)^{3} \left[ \frac{1-\mathbf{i}}{2r_{1}} \left( -2 + \frac{2i}{r_{1}} + \frac{1}{2r_{1}^{2}} \right) \mathbf{f} \left( \mathbf{r_{1}} \right) + \frac{1+\frac{1}{2r_{1}^{2}}}{2r_{0}} \sqrt{\frac{r_{0}}{2\pi}} \, \mathbf{e^{-ir_{0}}} \left( 2 - \frac{1}{r_{0}} \right) \right] \\ \mathbf{M_{1}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{M_{2}'} &= \frac{1-\mathbf{i}}{2r_{0}} \left( -2 - \frac{1}{2r_{0}^{2}} \right) \mathbf{f} \left( \mathbf{r_{0}} \right) + \frac{1+\mathbf{i}}{2r_{0}^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{r_{0}}{2\pi}} \, \mathbf{e^{-ir_{0}}} \left( 2 - \frac{1}{r_{0}} \right) \\ \mathbf{M_{3}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{M_{4}'} &= \frac{1-\mathbf{i}}{2r_{0}} \left( -\frac{8}{3} + \frac{2i}{r_{0}} - \frac{1}{2r_{0}^{3}} \right) \mathbf{f} \left( \mathbf{r_{0}} \right) + \frac{1+\mathbf{i}}{2r_{0}^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{r_{0}}{2\pi}} \, \mathbf{e^{-ir_{0}}} \left( \frac{8}{3} - \frac{2i}{3r_{0}} + \frac{1}{r_{0}^{2}} \right) \\ \mathbf{N_{1}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{N_{2}'} &= \mathbf{x_{1}}^{3} \left[ \frac{1-\mathbf{i}}{2r_{2}} \left( -2 + \frac{1}{2r_{2}^{2}} \right) \mathbf{f} \left( \mathbf{r_{2}} \right) + \frac{1+\mathbf{i}}{2r_{2}^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{r_{2}}{2\pi}} \, \mathbf{e^{-ir_{2}}} \left( 2 + \frac{\mathbf{i}}{r_{2}} \right) \right] \\ \mathbf{N_{3}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{N_{4}'} &= \mathbf{x_{1}}^{4} \left[ \frac{1-\mathbf{i}}{2r_{2}} \left( -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2i}{r_{2}} + \frac{1}{r_{2}^{2}} + \frac{1}{2r_{2}^{2}} \right) \mathbf{f} \left( \mathbf{r_{2}} \right) + \frac{1+\mathbf{i}}{2r_{2}^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{r_{2}}{2\pi}} \left( \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3r_{2}} \right) \right] \\ \mathbf{N_{3}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{N_{4}'} &= \mathbf{x_{1}}^{4} \left[ \frac{1-\mathbf{i}}{2r_{2}} \left( -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2i}{r_{2}} + \frac{1}{r_{2}^{2}} + \frac{1}{2r_{2}^{2}} \right) \mathbf{f} \left( \mathbf{r_{2}} \right) + \frac{1+\mathbf{i}}{2r_{2}^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{r_{2}}{2\pi}} \left( \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3r_{2}} \right) \right] \\ \mathbf{N_{5}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{N_{6}'} &= \left( 1 - \mathbf{x_{1}} \right)^{4} \left[ \frac{1-\mathbf{i}}{2r_{1}} \left( -\frac{8}{3} + \frac{2i}{r_{1}} - \frac{1}{2r_{1}^{2}} \right) \mathbf{e^{-ir_{1}}} \right] \\ \\ \mathbf{N_{5}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{N_{6}'} &= \left( 1 - \mathbf{x_{1}} \right)^{4} \left[ \frac{1-\mathbf{i}}{2r_{1}} \left( -\frac{8}{3} + \frac{2i}{r_{1}} - \frac{1}{2r_{1}^{2}} \right) \mathbf{e^{-ir_{1}}} \right] \\ \\ \mathbf{N_{5}'} + \mathbf{i} \mathbf{N_{6}'} &= \left( 1 - \mathbf{x_{1}} \right)^{4} \left[ \frac{1-\mathbf{i}}{2r_{1}} \left( -\frac{8}{3} + \frac{2i}{r_{1}} - \frac{1}{r_{1}^{2}} \right) \mathbf{$$

where

$$r_0 = k$$

$$r_1 = (1 - x_1)k$$

$$r_2 = x_1k$$

and the quantities  $f(r_j)$  are the Fresnel integrals

$$f(r_j) = \int_0^{r_j} \frac{e^{-ix}}{\sqrt{2\pi x}} dx$$
 (j = 0, 1, 2)

The primed quantities  $L_1$ ' and  $M_1$ ' (i = 1, 2, 3, and 4), associated with wing bending torsion, are tabulated in table I as functions of the reduced frequency k for the range  $0 < k \le 3.5$ . The primed quantities  $L_1$ ',  $M_1$ ' (i = 5 and 6), and  $N_1$ ' (i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6), introduced by the aileron degree of freedom, are tabulated in or can be obtained from table II for the same values of k and for values of the aileron hinge position  $x_1$  ranging from 0.1 to 0.9 in increments of 0.1. In order to make the tabulated values more uniform, each of the primed quantities listed in the tables has been multiplied by the reduced frequency squared  $k^2$ , which appears in the force and moment equations, equations (21).

# DISCUSSION

Lift forces and moments. The lift forces and moments, the coefficients of which are given in table I, apply to a thin, oscillating, two-dimensional wing moving at sonic speed. A comparison of these results with the forces and moments previously obtained for the same type of wing moving at subsonic and supersonic speeds (references 5, 7, 8, and other papers) may be of interest.

For purposes of comparison, consider the case of a wing pitching about its leading edge and translating vertically. The lift coefficient  $c_l$  and the moment coefficient about the leading edge  $c_m$  can be expressed as

and

$$c_{1} = -\frac{P}{\rho b V^{2}} = \frac{1}{4} \left[ -ik \left( L_{1}' + iL_{2}' \right) \alpha_{h} + k^{2} \left( L_{3}' + iL_{4}' \right) \alpha \right]$$

$$c_{m} = \frac{M_{\alpha}}{2\rho b^{2} V^{2}} = -2 \left[ -ik \left( M_{1}' + iM_{2}' \right) \alpha_{h} + k^{2} \left( M_{3}' + iM_{4}' \right) \alpha \right]$$
(24)

where  $\alpha_h = \frac{h}{V}$  is the angle of attack due to vertical translation and the quantities  $L_i$ ' and  $M_i$ ' are now dependent on M as well as k. For the nonoscillating wing in incompressible flow (k=0, M=0)  $c_l = 2\pi\alpha$  and  $c_m = -\frac{\pi}{2}\alpha$ . From equation (24) the lift- and moment-curve slopes (complex derivatives) associated with vertical translation and pitching are, respectively.

$$\frac{dc_{1}}{d\alpha_{h}} = -i4k(L_{1}' + iL_{2}')$$

$$\frac{dc_{m}}{d\alpha_{h}} = i2k(M_{1}' + iM_{2}')$$

$$\frac{dc_{1}}{d\alpha} = 4k^{2}(L_{3}' + iL_{4}')$$

$$\frac{dc_{m}}{d\alpha} = 2k^{2}(M_{3}' + iM_{4}')$$
(25)

In figure 2 the magnitudes of the slopes given by equation (25) are plotted against k for several values of M, and in figure 3 the associated phase angles are plotted. In figures 2 and 3 the dashed curves represent the supersonic results, the solid-line curves represent the subsonic results, and the solid-line curves with several of the computed points circled represent the sonic results.

In figure 2 the variation of slope with Mach number for the steady case (along ordinate k=0) is given by the Prandtl-Glauert rule for subsonic speeds and the Ackeret rule for supersonic speeds. Each of these rules predicts an infinite slope at M=1. In the figure, the values for the slope magnitude become excessive only for Mach numbers approaching unity and values of k approaching zero. In this neighborhood the linearized theory does not apply, and the Mach number and

k range in which the theory is applicable awaits experimental or theoretical determination. In figure 3 the phase-angle curves for M=1 depart from those for the other Mach numbers in the low k range. At k=0, the phase angle for M=1 differs from the constant phase angle of all the other Mach numbers by  $45^{\circ}$ .

Figure 4 contains a cross plot against Mach number of figure 2(a) for several values of k. Note that the maximum lift-curve slope occurs at M=1 only for small values of k. Above a k of around 0.2, as may also be noted in figure 2(a), the maximum lift-curve slope for a particular value of k occurs at a Mach number less than 1.

Some applications to bending-torsion flutter.— In reference 5 a systematic numerical study of the bending-torsion flutter of a two-dimensional wing was made including, among other considerations, the effect of Mach number on this type of flutter. The results were presented in the form of figures. Table I of the present paper is used to obtain points at M=1 for figures 18 and 19 of reference 5. These figures of reference 5 with the M=1 points added are presented as figures 5 and 6.

In figure 5 the flutter-speed coefficient  $V/b\omega_L$  is plotted against Mach number M for several values of the density parameter  $1/\kappa$ , for wings with the center of gravity at 60 percent chord and the elastic axis at 50 percent chord. The points for Mach number 1, indicated by circles, are consistent with the results of reference 5. As a matter of possible interest some values of the reduced frequency are indicated at M = 0 and M = 1.

In figure 6 a plot of the flutter-speed coefficient  $V/b\omega_{\alpha}$  against the ratio of wing bending frequency to wing torsional frequency  $\omega_h/\omega_{\alpha}$  is shown for several Mach numbers. The curve for M=1, calculated points of which are circled, is shown in relation to the curves previously given in reference 5.

# CONCLUDING REMARKS

The linearized theory for compressible unsteady flow has been used to obtain the forces and moments for a thin, harmonically oscillating, two-dimensional wing-aileron combination moving at sonic speed. These forces and moments and the flutter results obtained from them were found to be consistent with similar calculations previously obtained for other Mach numbers. In assessing or applying the results for a Mach number

of 1, the limitations associated with linearized theory should be kept in mind.

Langley Aeronautical Laboratory
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics
Langley Field, Va., September 4, 1951

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k <sup>2</sup> M <sub>4</sub> '	# 66249 9 3 9240 1 2 9240 1 2 9260 1 2 9202 1 3 6722 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2
k <sup>2</sup> M <sub>3</sub> 1	0.992484 .93852 1.0071 1.0459 1.0653 1.0525 1.0387 1.0388 1.0388 1.0388 1.0389 1.0419 1.0419 1.0429 1.1399 1.13
k2M2	3.8153 3.2404 2.6183 1.9795 1.3642 .62412 .81581 28903 28903 28903 28975 11235 11235 11235 11236 10037
k <sup>2</sup> M <sub>1</sub> '	-0.13699 -1.25228 -1.31793 -1.0151 -1.
k <sup>2</sup> Lų,	3.4024 2.3426 1.3896 3.4024 3.89692 3.89692 3.89692 1.04992 1.10492 1.10
k <sup>2</sup> L <sub>3</sub> ¹	0.97979 1.099731 1.0808 1.1048 1.1128 1.1128 1.1282 1.1282 1.1282 1.12862 1.12862 1.13163 1.1493 1.1799 1.1799 1.1799 1.17493
1, ZI 2, 1	3.5956 3.0365 1.8845 1.8845 1.8845 5.1390 3.39912 3.3933 3
k <sup>2</sup> L1	-0.092268 -1.13457 -1.023461 -077100 -1.1457 -1.1457 -1.1457 -1.1457 -1.1561 -1.1574 -1.1574 -1.1574 -1.1574 -1.1505 -
. м	E. E. G.



TABLE II.- VALUES OF FUNCTIONS FOR AILERON FLUTTER CALCULATIONS

x <sub>1</sub> (wing chords)	k <sup>2</sup> I.5'	k <sup>2</sup> L6'	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>1</sub> '	£2N2'	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>3</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>4</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N5'	k <sup>2</sup> N6'
k = 3.5								
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	0.89067 .80334 .71591 .62642 .53285 .43448 .33082 .22375 .11746	2.7314 2.1347 1.6131 1.1660 .79307 .49071 .25786 .091798 0069616	-0.09339 045042 0065088 .018221 .028928 .029296 .021995 .012059 .0034955	3.1344 2.5061 1.9349 1.4282 .99321 .63394 .35537 .15626 .038640	0.74199 .58009 .43962 .32026 .22116 .14121 .079711 .035526 .0089560	3.9401 3.2668 2.6203 2.0135 1.4603 .97433 .57080 .26349	0.12031 .60700 .47589 .35957 .25674 .16833 .095843 .042332	-0.86753 2.3329 1.5491 .96683 .55513 .28195 .11782 .033681 .0028866
				k = 3.0	)			
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	0.90819 .82052 .73081 .63775 .54039 .43845 .33269 .22522 .11980	2.3077 1.8021 1.3604 .98181 .66478 .40760 .20837 .065938 017583	-0.20128 -114342 -092088 -051800 -023670 -0068100 .00094230 .0025070	2.6676 2.1398 1.6590 1.2308 .86078 .55321 .31164 .13836 .034469	0.75299 .58836 .44511 .32322 .22208 .14093 .078792 .034885 .0087147	3.3431 2.7714 2.2224 1.7075 1.2382 .82635 .48402 .22367 .058061	0.59062 .62394 .48942 .36851 .26148 .16982 .095832 .042098	-1.0036 1.9796 1.3160 .82271 .47300 .24055 .10013 .027973
	<del>1</del>			k = 2.5	5			
0.1 .2 .5 .6 .78	0.93119 .84025 .74619 .64844 .54688 .44193 .33476 .22755 .12326	1.8879 1.4727 1.1096 .79775 .53640 .32213 .15607 .037479 030013	-0.26703 20750 15129 10298 064825 036076 017119 0061219 0011501	2.1572 1.7337 1.3481 1.0040 .70575 .45578 .25831 .11543 .028958	0.77781 .60881 .46103 .33475 .22984 .14533 .080881 .035620	2.7522 2.2808 1.8281 1.4039 1.0179 .67894 .39763 .18376	1.0333 .64456 .50353 .37653 .26473 .17045 .095456 .041826	-0.90819 1.6329 1.0874 .68113 .39246 .19903 .082000 .021904 .00072869
				k = 2.0		1.041111	.010400	.000/2009
0.1 .3 .4 .56 .7 .8	0.95660 .86004 .76036 .65768 .55240 .44536 .33782 .23164	1.4727 1.1456 .85876 .61140 .40268 .23188 .098908 .0048432 045272	-0.27189 22041 16926 12269 082900 050992 027244 011370 0026384	1.6293 1.3098 1.0197 .76104 .53616 .34768 .19788 .088860 .022415	0.81216 .63808 .48488 .35314 .24290 .15385 .085640 .037677 .0093252	2.1748 1.8017 1.4432 1.1075 .80216 .53476 .31294 .14454	1.3413 .66496 .51552 .38209 .26633 .17000 .094720 .041592 .010627	-0.63396 1.2943 .86344 .54124 .31098 .15666 .062940 .015236 00062204
				k = 1.5				
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .6 .7 .8	0.97994 .87691 .77191 .66539 .55793 .45043 .34394 .23960 .13761	1.0577 .81520 .60170 .41675 .26010 .13188 .032740 035165 065466	-0.21153 17744 14113 10616 074653 047957 026874 011820 0029068	1.1188 .89766 .69811 .52088 .36716 .23837 .13591 .061184 .015481	0.84629 .66784 .50999 .37404 .25792 .16412 .091712 .040478	1.6153 1.3386 1.0719 .82193 .59472 .39602 .23148 .10679 .027684	1.4453 .67928 .52182 .38333 .26516 .16839 .093816 .041603 .010987	-0.28161 .96219 .64145 .40055 .22779 .11189 .042001 .0074945 0023279
				k = 1.0				
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	0.99808 .89071 .78309 .67565 .56887 .46329 .35939 .25724 .15480	0.62511 .46377 .32129 .19781 .093697 .0096862 052749 090548 095913	-0.10111 090344 075513 05929 043368 028919 016806 0076650 0019552	0.66383 .52958 .41001 .30482 .21425 .13880 .079021 .035540 .0089892	0.86349 .68378 .52446 .38573 .26795 .17142 .096326 .042741 .010663	1.0685 .88808 .71223 .54649 .39542 .26317 .15370 .070828 .018337	1.3319 .68000 .51857 .37888 .26141 .16637 .093606 .042507 .011830	0.015814 .62662 .41259 .25176 .13690 .060946 .016863 0024881 0047628
			-	k = 0.8				
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7	1.0058 .89824 .79104 .68454 .57912 .47503 .37242 .27076 .16681	0.43534 .30614 .19227 .094067 .012108 052625 098381 12172 11414	-0.050987 049679 043885 03587 027084 018542 011024 0051309 0013332	0.50518 .40143 .30975 .22961 .16099 .10405 .059124 .026545	0.86067 .68186 .52352 .38556 .26827 .17194 .096806 .043044	0.84646 .70630 .56794 .43656 .31627 .21067 .12310 .056737 .014689	1.2356 .67520 .51439 .37595 .25995 .16625 .094394 .043561 .012482	0.083840 .48465 .31359 .18566 .095226 .036670 .0043043 0077843

TABLE II.- VALUES OF FUNCTIONS FOR AILERON FLUTTER CALCULATIONS - Continued

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>				
x <sub>1</sub> (wing chords)	k <sup>2</sup> L <sub>5</sub>	k <sup>2</sup> L <sub>6</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>1</sub>	k <sup>2</sup> N₂'	x <sup>2</sup> N <sub>3</sub> '	к <sup>2</sup> И <sub>4</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N5'	к <sup>2</sup> N <sub>6</sub> '
				k = 0.6				
0.1	1.0191	0.22164	-0.0032162	0.36259	0.85075	0.61351	1.1206	0.10198
.2	.91274	.12542	010365	.28651	.67352	.51660	.66834	.33006
.3 .4	.80716 •.70250	.041375 029996	012874 012425	.22003 .16257	.51710 .38102	.41810 .32298	.50994 .37393	.20378 .11079
.5	.59900	087916	010642	.11344	26534	.23487	.26002	.046840
.5 .6 .7	.49655	13117	0078988	.073069	.17025	.15691	.16781	.0076522
.7	.39488	- 15773	0049936	.041386	.095990	.091897	.096638	011239
	.29274	16371	0024409	.018527	.042746	.042430	.045598	014625
.9	.18530	13969	00066060	.0046667	.010705	.011000	.013541	0080683
		1		k = 0.4			r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
0.1	1.0538	-0.044994	0.036142	0.23706 .18582	0.83622	0.35098	1.0027	0.043686
.2	.95006	10525	.022694	.18582	.66002	30456	.66499	.14668
•3	.84709 .74483	15606 19675	013670	.14172	.50573 .37218	.25195 .19792	•51053	.070298 .017218
.3 .4 .5 .6	.64310	- 22637	.0076867 .0038858	.10395 .072186	. 3 (210 . 258 <b>99</b>	.14588	•37757 •26566	015551
.6	.54152	- 24344	.0016488	046250	16614	.098523	.17424	031136
.7 .8	.43912	24557	.00049747	026066	.093675	.058224	.10259	032906
	.33362	22829	.000045360	.011615	.020179	.0055347	.049926	024645
.9	.21789	18066	000029310	.002 <b>9</b> 130	.010457	.0070666	.015504	011035
		<b>1</b>		k = 0.36				
0.1	1.1252	0.030351	0.042228	0.21401	0.83394	0.29112	.0.84152	0.19224
.2	1.0089	068452	.027934	.16742	.65750	.25654	.66627	.10323
·3 .4	.89191	15063	.017956	.12745	•50339	.21455	.51262	.038111
· <u>*</u>	.771.83 .65815	21569 26288	•011013	.093337	.37023	.16994	.38017 .26844	0057839
.5 .6	.54229	29087	.0063034	.064718 .041408	•25752 •16512	.12607 .085600	.17685	031221 041114
.7	.42738	29735	.0032579 .0014338	.023307	.093079	.050808	.10474	038632
.7 .8	31278	27758	.00047434	.010373	.041458	.023727	.051359	027377
.9	.19441	21923	.000080716	0025984	.010388	0062091	.016112	011873
•	-		•	k = 0.32	-			
0.1	1.1418	-0.056244	0.047477	0.19161	0.83258	0.22710	0.84325	0.13065
.2	1.0257	14163	032523	.14957	.65555	20533	.66906	056003
•3 •4	<b>.909</b> 38	21188	.021755 .013986	.11364	50139	.17477	.51612	.0028801
-4	• <b>79</b> 305	26507	.013986	.083076	.36845	.14025	.38609	033420
.5 .6	.67689 .56134	30429 32414	.0084806 .0054099	.057511 .037434	.25611 .16215	.10510	.27225 .18028	048651 052319
.7	.44617	32337	.0022870	.020650	.092482	.075794 .042991	10745	045130
•7 •8	33022	29694	.00086655	.0091777	.041178	.020187	.053123	030513
.9	20839	23187	.00018225	.0022962	010314	.0053115	.016845	012849
				k = 0.28				
0.1	1.1638	-0.15171	0.051744	0.16984	0.83284	0.15751	0.84743	0.062999
.2	1.0482	22324	.036348	.13225	.65471	.14985	.67411	.0037623
•3 •4	.93233 .81646	28100 32435	.024976 .016540	.10027	.50009 .36710	.13180 .10826	.52167 .38964	036387 0 <b>59</b> 668
.5	70073	35225	.010372	.073161	.30(10 .254 <b>9</b> 5	.082571	27754	068418
.5 .6	.58515	36313	.0059935	.032242	.16328	.057313	.27754 .18483	065151
.7 .8	46924	35420	.0030403	.018093	.091940	.057313 .034632	11094	052654
.8	35129	32008	.0012156	.0080289	.040915	.016414	055339	034189
.9	.22504	24707	.00027249	.0020056	.010245	.0043502	.017746	014009
	,		ı	k = 0.24	<del>                                     </del>			
0.1	1.1940	-0.25965	0.054843	0.14865	0.83601	0.080237	0.85536	-0.013014
.2	1.0788	31485	.039262	.11545	.65583	.088468	.68636	059414
•3 •4	.96319	36111	.027507	.087322 .0635_3	.50013	.084407	-53034 20700	081216
4 5	.84758 .73187	39238 40928	.018594	.063573	.36662 .25432	.073094 .057876	.39792 .28498	092506 091405
.6 .	.61574	41006	.0070537	.027810	16270	.041317	.19102	080231
.7	.49839	39174	.0036728	.015634	.091538	.025521	.11556	061597
.7	.37749	34853	.0024368	.0078515	.037167	.019152	.058193	038616
.9	.24542	26587	.00034 <b>98</b> 5	.0017273	.010186	.0033103	.018885	015424
				k = 0.20				,
0.1	1.1847	-0.47320	0.056532	0.12795	0.84412	-0.0082108	0.93132	-0.17059
.2	1.0830	48687	041076	.099080	.66048	.018512	69696	12455
.3 .4	•98104	49316	.029205	.074748	50264	.030608	-54396	13410
• 4	.87824	49112	.020040	051292	.36780	.033313	41036	13162
.5 .6	77400	47956	-013047	.037358	25474	.030037	.29575	11907
.6	.66724 .55588	45656 41 <b>9</b> 08	.0078484	.023731 .013266	.16275 .091452	.023342 .015313	.19971 .12187	098580 072616
:8	.43576	36130	.0041572	.0058664	.040624	.0077280	.062012	044140
. <u>ĕ</u>	29519	26886	.00041096	.0014604	.010154	.0021518	.020376	017216
				1			1	L

TABLE II.- VALUES OF FUNCTIONS FOR ALLERON FLUTTER CALCULATIONS - Continued

<b>x</b> <sub>1</sub>		T 2	Τ ,	T 2	Γ	T	· · · · ·	
(wing chords)	k <sup>2</sup> L5'	k <sup>2</sup> L6'	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>1</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>2</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>3</sub> '	k2N4,	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>5</sub> '	* <sup>2</sup> N6'
k = 0.18								
0.1	1.2147	-0.53982	0.056745	0.11774	0.85115	-0.058372	0.93364	-0.21066
.2	1.1127	54727 54743	.041491	.091031	.66501	021025	.70742	16446
•3 •4	1.0102 .90658	53940	.029680 .020491	.068581	.50541	.00029990		16484
.6	.80115	52183	.013424	.034188	.36942 .25563	.010968 .014442	.41893 .30300	15453 13540
.6	.69268	49284	.0081269	.021694	.16318	.013299	.20544	10951
.7 .8	.57899	44919	.0043332	.012115	.091621	:0096244	.12596	079234
.9	.45551 .30978	38485 28480	.0018283	.0053512	.040672 .010160	.0051801	.064450	047492 018316
				k = 0.16	L	1 1002/201	1 .02252.	1010310
0.1	1.2518	-0.61565	0.056466	0.10760	0.86126	-0.11399	0.94001	-0.25733
•2	1.1494	61627	.041518	083052	.67174	064748	.72110	20927
•3 •4	1.0460 .94113	60969 59494	.029865	.062474	.50980	033137	.56604	<b>199</b> 52
.5	.83405	57070	.020730	.045256 .031063	.37217 .25723	013629	.42980	18052
•5 •6	.72335	53494	.0083118	.019686	.16404	0026913 .0022897	.31204 .21250	15403 12205
.7	.60667	48430	.0044564	.010981	.092024	.0033999	.13094	086886
.8 .9	·47905	41244	.0018911	.0048451	.040814	.0023970	.067382	051395
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.32712	30356	.00045197	.0012036	.010189	.00081027	.022432	019606
0.1	3 0000	0.70001		k = 0.14				
.2	1.2988 1.1954	-0.70384 69678	0.055619 .041107	0.097485	0.87569 .68167	-0.17684	0.95199	-0.31252
•3	1.0907	68261	.029714	.056413	.51650	11401 070717	.73931 .58228	26060 23947
•3 •4	.98410	66030	.020725	.040805	.37652	041207	.44376	21062
-5	.87475	62843	013716	.027971	.25990	021854	.32354	17574
.5 .6 .7 .8	.76111	58488	.0083900	.017703	16555	010000	.22136	13676
Á	.64057 .50774	52610 44543	.0045205	.0098625	.092767	.0035341	.13712	095915
.ĕ	.34814	32610	.0019277	.0043467	.041105 .010252	00069611	.070985	056032
	.5	1 . 5===0	1	k = 0.12	.0102)2	1 .00033310	1.023194	021150
0.1	1.3599	-0.80908	0.054111	0.087342	0.89653	-0.24965	0.97203	0.20020
.2	1.3599 1.2548	79327	.040180	.067170	.69636	17090	.76408	-0.37930 32092
.4	1.1481	77034	.029172	050365	.48341	11399	.60402	28668
-4	1.0390	73925	.020435	.036374	.38324	072883	.46224	24638
.5 .6	.92650 .80889	69846 64572	.013583	024898	.26414	043813	33853	20170
.7	.68325	57728	.0045147	.015736 .0087552	.16802 .094032	024051 011444	.23279 .14501	15447 10686
.7 .8	.54369	- 48600	.0019336	.0038536	.041617	0042175	.075541	061694
.9	-37434	35395	.00046633	.00095528	.010364	00085127	.025498	023050
	r	Γ		k = 0.10			·	
0.1	1.4421	-0.93930	0.051808	0.077093	0.92732	-0.33689	1.0042	-0.46260
.2	1.3345 1.2246	91314 87981	.038635 .028163	.059172	.71843	- 23884	79882	39432
.4	1.1118	83816	.019806	.044289 .031934	.54212 20276	16551	.63413	34445
.4 .5 .6	-99473	78657	.013214	.021824	.39376 .27091	11048 069811	.48748 .35879	-,29046 -,23390
.6	.87155	72260	.0081483	.013774	.17204	040637	.24805	17656
.7 .8	.73896	64222	.0044256	.0076525	.09613 <b>9</b>	020758	.15544	12062
.° .9	.59038 .40823	53772 38961	.001 <b>9</b> 023 .00046075	.0033639	.042488 .010573	0083561	.081503	068866
		-3-7-			.010075	0018817	.027709	025476
0.1	1.4948	-1.0178	0.050302	k = 0.09 0.071892	0.01.835	0.30000		A F
O.T I	1.4940		1 ::::::::		0.94835	-0.38822 27870	1.0271 .82175	-0.51299
.2	1.3853	98569	1 .037586 ]				1021/7	43802
.2	1.3853 1.2734	98569 94624	.027450	.055123	.73365 .55291			- 37000
.2 .3 .4	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580	94624 89837	.027450 .019339	.041220 .029696	.55291 .40116	19566	.65382	37902 31694
.2 .3 .4	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379	94624 89837 84038	.027450 .019339 .012926	.041220 .029696 .020278	.55291 .40116 .27572	19566 13245 084961	.65382 .50385	31694
.2 .3 .4	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101	94624 89837 84038 76970	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844	.041220 .029696 .020278 .012788	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494	19566 13245 084961 050287	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780	-•31694 -•25334 -•18997
.2 .3 .4	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101 .77391	94624 89837 84038 76970 68214	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844 .0043442	.041220 .029696 .020278 .012788 .0070997	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494 .097670	19566 13245 084961 050287 026166	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780 .16205	31694 25334 18997 12901
.2	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101	94624 89837 84038 76970	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844	.041220 .029696 .020278 .012788	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494	19566 13245 084961 050287	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780 .16205 .085253	31694 25334 18997 12901 073265
.2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101 .77391 .61956	94624 89837 84038 76970 68214 56961	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844 .0043442 .0018706	.041220 .029696, .020278 .012788 .0070997 .0031187	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494 .097670 .043128	19566 13245 084961 050287 026166 010754	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780 .16205	31694 25334 18997 12901
.2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101 .77391 .61956 .42933	94624 89837 84038 76970 68214 56961 41167	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844 .0043442 .0018706 .00045375	.041220 .029696 .020278 .012788 .0070997 .0031187 .00077151	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494 .097670 .043128	19566 13245 084961 050287 026166 010754 0024828	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780 .16205 .085253 .029092	31694 25334 18997 12901 073265 026971
.2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101 .77391 .61956 .42933	94624 89837 84038 76970 68214 56961 41167	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844 .0043442 .0018706 .00045375	.041220 .029696 .020276 .012788 .0070997 .0031187 .00077151 k = 0.08	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494 .097670 .043128 .010721	19566 13245 084961 050287 026166 010754 0024828	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780 .16205 .085253	31694 25334 18997 12901 073265
.2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101 .77391 .61956 .42933	94624 89837 84038 76970 68214 56961 41167	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844 .0013442 .0018706 .00045375	.041220 .029696 .020276 .012788 .0070997 .0031187 .00077151 k = 0.08	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494 .097670 .043128 .010721	19566 13245 084961 050287 026166 010754 0024828	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780 .16205 .085253 .029092	31694 25334 18997 12901 073265 026971 -0.57139 48821 41882
.2 .3 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101 .77391 .61956 .42933 1.5585 1.4467 1.3320 1.2133	94624 89837 84038 76970 68214 56961 41167 -1.1089 -1.0699 -1.0236 96858	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844 .0043442 .0018706 .00045375	.041220 .029696 .020276 .012788 .0070997 .0031187 .00077151 k = 0.08 0.066611 .051020 .038115 .027435	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494 .097670 .043128 .010721	19566 13245 084961 050287 026166 010754 0024828	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780 .16205 .085253 .029092	31694 25334 18997 12901 073265 026971 -0.57139 48821 41882 34755
.2 .34 .56 .78 .9	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101 .77391 .61956 .42933 1.5585 1.4467 1.3320 1.2133 1.0894	- 94624 - 89837 - 84038 - 76970 - 68214 - 56961 - 41167 -1.1089 -1.0699 -1.0236 - 96858 - 90323	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844 .0043442 .0018706 .00045375	.041220 .029696 .020276 .012788 .0070997 .0031187 .00077151 k = 0.08 0.066611 .051020 .038115 .027435 .018718	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494 .097670 .043128 .010721	19566 13245 084961 050287 026166 010754 0024828	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780 .16205 .085253 .029092 1.0563 .84998 .67789 .52376 .38758	31694 25334 18997 12901 073265 026971 -0.57139 48821 41882 34755 27588
.2 .34 .56 .78 .9	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101 .77391 .61956 .42933 1.5585 1.4467 1.3320 1.2133 1.0894 .95808	94624 89837 84038 76970 68214 56961 41167 -1.1089 -1.0699 -1.0236 96858 90323 82490	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844 .0013442 .0018706 .00045375 0.048516 .036323 .026575 .018755 .012557	.041220 .029696 .020276 .012788 .0070997 .0031187 .00077151 k = 0.08 0.066611 .051020 .038115 .027435 .018718	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494 .097670 .043128 .010721 0.97466 .75290 .56666 .41064 .28193 .17869	19566 13245 084961 050287 026166 010754 0024828 -0.14665 32399 22987 15731 10209 061178	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780 .16205 .085253 .029092 1.0563 .84998 .67789 .52376 .38758 .26952	31694 2594 18997 12901 073265 026971 48821 41882 34755 27588 20558
.2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9	1.3853 1.2734 1.1580 1.0379 .91101 .77391 .61956 .42933 1.5585 1.4467 1.3320 1.2133 1.0894	- 94624 - 89837 - 84038 - 76970 - 68214 - 56961 - 41167 -1.1089 -1.0699 -1.0236 - 96858 - 90323	.027450 .019339 .012926 .0079844 .0043442 .0018706 .00045375	.041220 .029696 .020276 .012788 .0070997 .0031187 .00077151 k = 0.08 0.066611 .051020 .038115 .027435 .018718	.55291 .40116 .27572 .17494 .097670 .043128 .010721	19566 13245 084961 050287 026166 010754 0024828	.65382 .50385 .37182 .25780 .16205 .085253 .029092 1.0563 .84998 .67789 .52376 .38758	31694 25334 18997 12901 073265 026971 -0.57139 48821 41882 34755 27588

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TABLE II.- VALUES OF FUNCTIONS FOR AILERON FLUTTER CALCULATIONS - Continued

x <sub>1</sub>	k <sup>2</sup> L5'	k <sup>2</sup> L <sub>6</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>1</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>2</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>3</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>L</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>5</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N6'
(wing chords)				k = 0.07		<u> </u>		
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7	1.6372 1.5222 1.4039 1.2812 1.1525 1.0155 .86612 .69629 .48460	-1.2166 -1.1697 -1.1154 -1.0522 97833 89087 78518 65224 46902	0.046407 .034808 .025510 .018033 .012093 .0074936 .004903 .0017668	0.061221 .046838 .034957 .025138 .017137 .010789 .0059805 .0026232 .00064778	1.0085 .77768 .58447 .42300 .29005 .18363 .10232 .045097	-0.51450 37651 26945 18604 12185 073725 039270 016551 0039242	1.0941 .88543 .70800 .54851 .40706 .28394 .17964 .095173	-0.64043 54704 46564 38366 30257 22413 15051 084599 030851
				k = 0.06			,	
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	1.7369 1.6178 1.4947 1.3665 1.2316 1.0874 .92934 .74869	-1.3476 -1.2914 -1.2276 -1.1546 -1.0704 97200 85442 70790 50782	0.043916 .032999 .024225 .017151 .011519 .0071485 .0039074 .0016905 .00041195	0.055674 .042548 .031722 .022791 .015522 .0097646 .0054083 .0023700 .00058482	1.0528 .81043 .60811 .43945 .30095 .19029 .10591 .046631	-0.59555 43902 31647 22011 14523 088553 047545 020200 0048319	1.1443 .93114 .74657 .58003 .43178 .30216 .19182 .10199 .035201	-0.72410 61787 52218 42743 33504 24678 16484 092200 033467
				k = 0.05				
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7	1.8681 1.7431 1.6135 1.4779 1.3347 1.1808 1.0113 .81660 .57076	-1.5127 -1.4452 -1.3697 -1.2845 -1.1875 -1.0754 94288 77923 55760	0.040965 .030833 .022671 .016076 .010812 .0067195 .0036780 .0015940 .00038898	0.049908 .038098 .028375 .020365 .013857 .0087093 .0048198 .0021103	1.1131 .85515 .64058 .46220 .31605 .19957 .11093 .048778	-0.69565 51610 37435 26195 17391 10670 057655 024646 0059388	1.2128 .99223 .79785 .62178 .46433 .32603 .20770 .11084 .038400	-0.82913 70625 59303 48245 37600 27545 18307 10190 036823
				k = 0.045		<u> </u>		
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7	1.9509 1.8220 1.6881 1.5478 1.3992 1.2391 1.0624 .85866 .60094	-1.6137 -1.5394 -1.4568 -1.3643 -1.2596 -1.1392 99749 82334 58847	0.039279 .029589 .021773 .015450 .010398 .0064672 .0035423 .0015355 .00037489	0.046915 .035790 .026641 .019112 .012999 .0081656 .0045168 .0019771	1.1519 .88412 .66167 .48308 .32592 .20566 .11423 .050194 .012420	-0.75597 56248 40911 28704 19108 11754 063684 027313 0065977	1.2571 1.0312 .83043 .64818 .48487 .34101 .21765 .11636 .040395	-0.89311 75988 63613 51605 40107 29306 19428 10789 038898
				k = 0.04			T	
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	2.0498 1.9162 1.7771 1.6310 1.4759 1.3085 1.1230 .90867 .63667	-1.7318 -1.6498 -1.5590 -1.4580 -1.3443 -1.2143 -1.0619 87538 62490	0.037426 .028214 .020776 .014754 .0099366 .0061837 .0033896 .0014699 .00035870	0.043824 .033413 .024858 .017824 .012116 .0076080 .0042058 .6018402 .00045342	1.1991 .91933 .68736 .49510 .33802 .21310 .11829 .051938 .012837	-0.82584 61611 44926 31602 21088 13005 070624 030368 0073584	1.3109 1.0781 .86957 .67986 .50939 .35891 .22949 .12293 .042760	-0.96766 82232 68640 55525 13040 31370 20746 11493 041344
				k = 0.035	·	·		
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	2.1705 2.0309 1.8854 1.7323 1.5691 1.3926 1.1965 .96920 .67984	-1.8730 -1.7818 -1.6814 -1.5703 -1.4460 -1.3045 -1.1393 93804 66883	0.035377 .026693 .019670 .013978 .0094210 .0058673 .0032180 .0013972 .00034181	0.040614 .030946 .023010 .016490 .011203 .0070313 .0038855 .0016986 .00041808	1.2576 .96307 .71933 .51765 .35309 .22245 .12336 .054136	-0.90842 -67943 -49662 -35013 -23417 -14473 -078792 -033945 -0082444	1.3775 1.1358 .91759 .71859 .53936 .38069 .24387 .13089 .045619	-1.0564 89653 74623 60203 46546 33841 22326 12341 044291
				k = 0.03				
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	2.3217 2.1748 2.0210 1.8587 1.6854 1.4974 1.2880 1.0445	-2.0464 -1.9440 -1.8321 -1.7088 -1.5714 -1.4158 -1.2350 -1.0157 72327	0.033095 .024989 .018428 .013105 .0088380 .0055076 .0030229 .0013127	0.037250 .028365 .021080 .015098 .010253 .0064317 .0035523 .0015530	1.3320 1.0188 .76018 .54651 .37243 .23442 .12991 .056942 .014072	-1.0087 75625 55399 39141 26235 16248 088626 038279 0092997	1.4622 1.2086 .97812 .76729 .57694 .40796 .26183 .14080 .049169	-1.1650 98712 81945 65939 50852 36881 24274 13388 047946

TABLE II. - VALUES OF FUNCTIONS FOR ALLERON FLUTTER CALCULATIONS - Continued

χ.	·	<del></del>			<del></del>		-	
x <sub>1</sub> (wing chords)	k <sup>2</sup> L <sub>5</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> L6'	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>1</sub> '	ж <sup>2</sup> л <sub>2</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>3</sub> '	ж <sup>2</sup> И <sub>4</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>5</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>6</sub> '
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		k = 0.025				
0.1 .2 .3 .5 .6 .78 .9	2.5186 2.3615 2.1968 2.0226 1.8360 1.6329 1.4061 1.1415 .80256	-2.2672 -2.1509 -2.0244 -1.8858 -1.7319 -1.5584 -1.3578 -1.1152 79325	0.030530 .023067 .017023 .012113 .0081744 .0050971 .0027995 .0012168	0.033691 .025634 .019039 .013629 .0092506 .0058001 .0032017 .0013987	1.4302 1.0926 .74675 .58480 .39814 .25036 .13863 .060719	-1.1351 85288 62606 44322 29765 18471 10094 043673 010652	1.5738 1.3041 1.0571 .83081 .62581 .44336 .28509 .15361	-1.3024 -1.1018 91231 73225 56335 40761 26766 14728 052627
		- t		k = 0.024			1 33121	1 12
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	2.5654 2.4060 2.2386 2.0614 1.8717 1.6650 1.4341 1.1646	-2.3191 -2.1996 -2.0697 -1.9274 -1.7698 -1.5921 -1.3867 -1.1388 80980	0.029968 .022650 .016717 .011897 .0080300 .0050076 .0027499 .0011959	0.032942 .025065 .018614 .01323 .0090426 .0056691 .0031298 .0013666 .00033636	1.4538 1.1103 .81026 .59403 .40435 .25422 .14072 .061661	-1.1646 87540 65969 45529 30586 18987 10382 044896	1.6006 1.3268 1.0760 .84591 .63746 .45176 .29060 .15664 .054835	-1.3346 -1.1288 -93410 -74943 -57629 -41676 -27355 -15046 -053743
				k = 0.023		'	- <del>L</del>	
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	2.6154 2.4533 2.2832 2.1030 1.9098 1.6993 1.4640 1.1890 .83630	-2.3744 -2.2513 -2.1179 -1.9717 -1.8100 -1.6279 -1.4176 -1.1638 82741	0.029397 .022222 .016403 .011675 .0078810 .0049150 .0026999 .0011738	0.032188 .024488 .018183 .013014 .0088317 .0055365 .0030559 .0013347 .00032830	1.4789 1.1293 .84122 .60391 .41099 .25834 .14299 .062634 .015457	-1.1959 89930 66067 46808 31458 19535 10683 046232 011263	1.6292 1.3512 1.0961 .86206 .64988 .46075 .29650 .15988	-1.3689 -1.1573 95728 76758 58999 42646 27979 15382 054921
			I	k = 0.022	1	1		1 10,4921
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	2.6689 2.5040 2.3308 2.1474 1.9506 1.7360 1.4959 1.2152 .85489	-2.4331 -2.3065 -2.1691 -2.0190 -1.8529 -1.6661 -1.4505 -1.1905 84618	0.028810 .021781 .016080 .011447 .0077275 .0048202 .0026477 .0011512 .00028163	0.031420 .023901 .017745 .012699 .0086171 .0054014 .0029813 .0013020 .00032059	1.5060 1.1496 .85620 .61449 .41810 .26275 .14539 .063661 .015677	-1.2292 92473 67963 48169 32384 20118 11008 047664 011643	1.6599 1.3774 1.1177 .87938 .66318 .47035 .30280 .16335 .057233	-1.4052 -1.1877 98189 78694 60456 43681 28645 15741 056173
				k = 0.021		T		
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9	2.7263 2.5584 2.3820 2.1949 1.9942 1.7752 1.5300 1.2432 .87481	-2.4959 -2.3653 -2.2240 -2.0695 -1.8988 -1.7069 -1.4856 -1.2191 86630	0.028205 .021326 .015747 .011211 .0075693 .0047218 .0025940 .0011283	0.030639 .023305 .017300 .012379 .0083984 .0052642 .0029055 .0012685	1.5352 1.1715 .87230 .62591 .42579 .26754 .14801 .064818	-1.2645 95181 69978 49617 33369 20737 11350 049141 011994	1.6929 1.4054 1.1409 .89792 .67742 .48065 .30955 .16705	-1.4441 -1.2201 -1.0082 80765 62018 44788 29356 16125 057515
· · · · ·				k = 0.020				
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	2.7880 2.6169 2.4370 2.2461 2.0411 1.8174 1.5667 1.2733 .89624	-2.5632 -2.4285 -2.2828 -2.1237 -1.9480 -1.7508 -1.5234 -1.2498 88788	0.027582 .020859 .015404 .010968 .0074064 .0046212 .0025391 .0011040 .00027078	0.029843 .022696 .016846 .012053 .0081768 .0051240 .0028277 .0012350 .00030336	1.5665 1.1951 .88968 .63824 .43408 .27269 .15082 .065984	-1.3025 98076 72136 51164 34422 21399 11717 050796 012401	1.7284 1.4357 1.1659 .91792 .69276 .49172 .31681 .17104 .059980	-1.4857 -1.2547 -1.0363 82980 63688 45972 30120 16537 058960
				k = 0.019				
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	2.8548 2.6801 2.4964 2.3013 2.0918 1.8629 1.6063 1.3058 .91929	-2.6357 -2.4965 -2.3461 -2.1820 -2.0011 -1.7980 -1.5641 -1.2828 91116	0.026938 .020375 .015049 .010717 .0072381 .0045165 .0024821 .0010796 .00026495	0.029032 .022076 .016384 .011721 .0079503 .0049618 .0027487 .0012001 .00029461	1.6005 1.2208 .90853 .651.64 .44309 .27829 .15390 .067334	-1.3432 -1.0118 74445 52822 35549 22108 12108 052500 012818	1.7670 1.4684 1.1929 .93954 .70933 .50367 .32464 .17533	-1.5304 -1.2921 -1.0666 85362 65485 47251 30943 16981 060518

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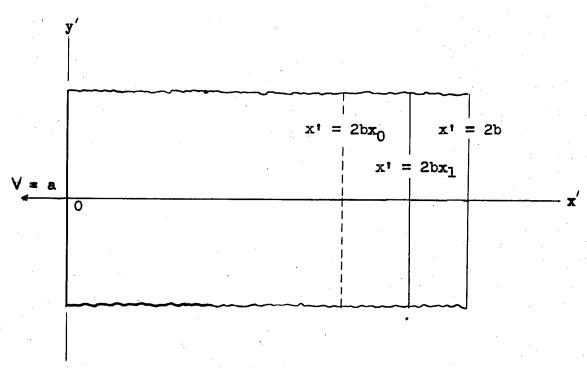
TABLE II. - VALUES OF FUNCTIONS FOR AILERON FLUTTER CALCULATIONS - Continued

· 1				FOR AILERON FI				
x <sub>l</sub> (wing chords)	k <sup>2</sup> L <sub>5</sub> '	r <sub>,5</sub> 1€,	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>1</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>2</sub> '	k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>3</sub> '	r <sub>5</sub> n <sup>†</sup> ,	<b>k<sup>2</sup>N</b> 5'	k <sup>2</sup> N61
k = 0.018								
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	2.9271 2.7486 2.5607 2.3612 2.1467 1.9122 1.6492 1.3410 .94427	-2.7139 -2.5699 -2.1144 -2.2151 -2.0583 -1.8190 -1.6081 -1.3186 93636	0.026272 .019874 .014681 .010456 .0070622 .0044074 .0024221 .0010533 .00025855	0.028204 .021444 .015914 .01383 .0077206 .0048376 .0026691 .0011654 .00028609	1.6375 1.2486 .92904 .66621 .45289 .28440 .15725 .068795 .016983	-1.3871 -1.0452 76934 54607 36764 22870 12529 054332 013238	1.8089 1.5038 1.2209 .96296 .72728 .51665 .33310 .17999 .063170	-1.5786 -1.3323 -1.0993 87937 67428 46629 31833 17462 062205
				k = 0.017				
0.1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	3.0059 2.8232 2.6308 2.4263 2.2064 1.9658 1.3792 .97142	-2.7987 -2.6496 -2.4887 -2.3135 -2.1206 -1.9044 -1.6559 -1.3575 96373	0.025583 .019356 .014300 .010187 .0068811 .0042948 .0023608 .0010270 .00025201	0.027357 .020797 .015431 .011037 .0074851 .0046893 .0025869 .0011292 .00027727	1.6779 1.2791 .95150 .68216 .46364 .29111 .16094 .070418	-1.4345 -1.0814 - 79625 56537 38073 23691 12982 056294 013714	1.8546 1.5426 1.2541 .98850 .74683 .53072 .34232 .18504 .064967	-1.6308 -1.3759 -1.1347 90732 69539 50130 32802 17985 064042
		<b>4</b>		k = 0.016		p 1		
0.1 .2 .34 .56 .78	3.0922 2.9048 2.7075 2.4976 2.2717 2.0244 1.7468 1.4210 1.0011	-2.8913 -2.7364 -2.5695 -2.3881 -2.1884 -1.9649 -1.7081 -1.3999 99364	0.024870 .018820 .013906 .0099067 .0066931 .0041779 .0022970 .00099935	0.026488 .020134 .014938 .010683 .0072438 .0045379 .0025028 .0010925 .00026819	1.7222 1.3125 .97610 .69962 .47542 .29842 .16495 .072133	-1.4861 -1.1208 82552 58637 39501 24589 13479 058488 014281	1.9048 1.5850 1.2891 1.0165 .76831 .54620 .35246 .19059 .066939	-1.6877 -1.4233 -1.1733 93768 71834 51761 33851 18553 066043
		lancement of the second		k = 0.015				
0.1 .2 .3 .5 .6 .7 .8	3.1871 2.9948 2.7918 2.5760 2.3436 2.0889 1.8028 1.4669 1.0337	-2.9925 -2.8316 -2.6584 -2.4701 -2.2628 -2.0312 -1.7654 -1.4465 -1.0265	0.024129 .018262 .013495 .0096154 .0064969 .0040561 .0022300 .00097034 .00023810	0.025598 .019455 .014432 .010320 .0069973 .0043828 .0024172 .0010550	1.7712 1.3494 1.0033 .71894 .48843 .30652 .16937 .074050 .018238	-1.5426 -1.1638 85752 60928 41063 25569 14022 060865 014878	1.9601 1.6319 1.3277 1.0473 .79191 .56320 .36358 .19668 .069109	-1.7499 -1.4752 -1.2155 97099 74351 53548 35006 19177 068234
	,			k = 0.014				
0.1 2 .3.4 .5.6 7.8 .9	3.2924 3.0943 2.8853 2.6629 2.4230 2.1603 1.8648 1.5177 1.0697	-3.1042 -2.9367 -2.7563 -2.5603 -2.3451 -2.1045 -1.8286 -1.4980 -1.0627	0.023357 .017680 .013068 .0093118 .0062926 .0039288 .0021603 .00094017 .00023065	0.024682 .018757 .013912 .0099470 .0067438 .0042238 .0023293 .0010165 .00024963	1.8255 1.3905 1.0335 .74045 .50292 .31554 .17433 .076211 .018772	-1.6047 -1.2111 89270 63449 42775 26642 14615 063451 015509	2.0215 1.6638 1.3705 1.0814 .81805 .58200 .37587 .20341 .071516	-1.8185 -1.5324 -1.2621 -1.0077 -77128 55525 36282 19869 070646
		<b>•</b>		k = 0.013				
0.1 .2 .3 .5 .6 .7 .8	3.4097 3.2053 2.9894 2.7594 2.5115 2.2398 1.9339 1.5743 1.1098	-3.2286 -3.0533 -2.8651 -2.6607 -2.4365 -2.1860 -1.8991 -1.5553 -1.1031	0.022555 .017074 .012621 .0089943 .0060789 .0037957 .0020873 .00090843	0.023739 .018037 .013378 .0095637 .0064832 .0040601 .0022387 .00097697 .00023984	1.8864 1.4364 1.0674 .76454 .51920 .32570 .17993 .078678 .019430	-1.6735 -1.2635 93165 66238 44665 27828 15267 066270 016150	2.0902 1.7417 1.4181 1.1195 .84715 .60292 .38955 .21090	-1.8945 -1.5960 -1.3138 -1.0486 80219 57725 37704 20638 073381
				k = 0.012				
0.1 .2 .3 .5 .6 .78 .9	3.5417 3.3301 3.1065 2.8682 2.6112 2.3291 2.0114 1.6379 1.1549	-3.3676 -3.1841 -2.9871 -2.7734 -2.5390 -2.2775 -1.9780 -1.6196 -1.1484	0.021712 .016439 .012153 .0086626 .0058552 .0036566 .0020110 .00087519	0.022764 .017294 .012825 .0091670 .0062137 .0038909 .0021455 .00093623	1.9549 1.4882 1.1056 .79170 .53749 .33710 .18618 .081361	-1.7505 -1.3221 97518 69356 46784 29157 16003 069513 016976	2.1675 1.8071 1.4720 1.1624 .87996 .62656 .40496 .21933	-1.9797 -1.6669 -1.3716 -1.0942 60182 39290 21498 076378

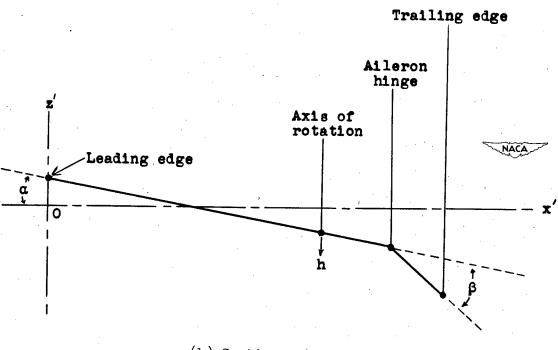
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TABLE II. - VALUES OF FUNCTIONS FOR AILERON FLUTTER CALCULATIONS - Concluded

k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>6</sub> '		-2.0756 -1.7472 -1.4370 -1.1458 87576 62964 1087	079806	-2.1855 -1.8390 -1.5117 -1.2048 92053 66149 43150 23588
k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>5</sub> '		2.2558 1.8814 1.5331 1.2112 .91728 .65338 .42248	.080575	2.3572 1.9668 1.6034 1.2672 .96003 .68415 .44253 .23988
k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>4</sub> '		-1.8373 -1.3881 -1.0243 -72876 -49176 -30658 -16835	017948	-1.9363 -1.4636 -1.0802 76880 51893 32364 17775 018934
k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>3</sub> '		2.0329 1.5471 1.1491 .82262 .55834 .35009 .19327	.020/33	2.1229 1.6152 1.1993 .85836 .58247 .36512 .20154 .088031
k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>2</sub> '	k = 0.011	0.021752 .016523 .012251 .0087565 .0059347 .0037155 .0020485	.000219 (b k = 0.010	0.020700 .015722 .011656 .0083296 .0056448 .0056448 .0056482 .00054993
k <sup>2</sup> N <sub>1</sub> '		0.020830 .015774 .011663 .0083139 .0056202 .0035105 .0019308	56000000	0.019900 .015072 .011145 .0079462 .0053724 .0033557 .0018459
k <sup>2</sup> L6			-1.1990	-3.7050 -3.2832 -3.0469 -2.1698 -2.1698 -1.7758
k <sup>2</sup> L5'		3.6917 3.4719 3.2395 2.9917 2.7242 2.0995 1.7099	1.607	3.8640 3.6347 3.3922 3.1334 2.5467 2.5467 1.7924 1.2645
x <sub>1</sub> (wing chords)		0 பென்ஸ் <b>ப் ம், ம் ம்</b>	6.	1.0 2.2.4.7.7.8.9.

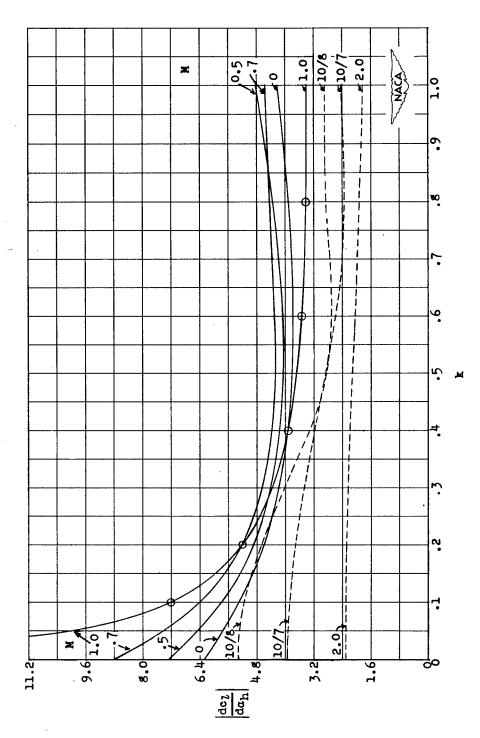


(a) Projection of wing strip on x'y'-plane.



(b) Section y' = 0.

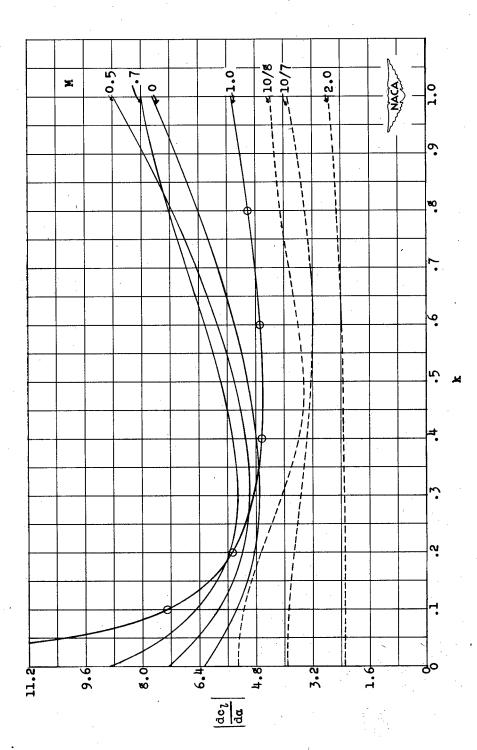
Figure 1.- Sketch illustrating coordinate system and the degrees of freedom  $\,\alpha,\,\,$  h, and  $\,\beta.$ 



(a) Lift-curve slope associated with vertical translation of wing.

$$\left|\frac{\mathrm{d}c_l}{\mathrm{d}\alpha_h}\right| = 4k\sqrt{L_1'^2 + L_2'^2}.$$

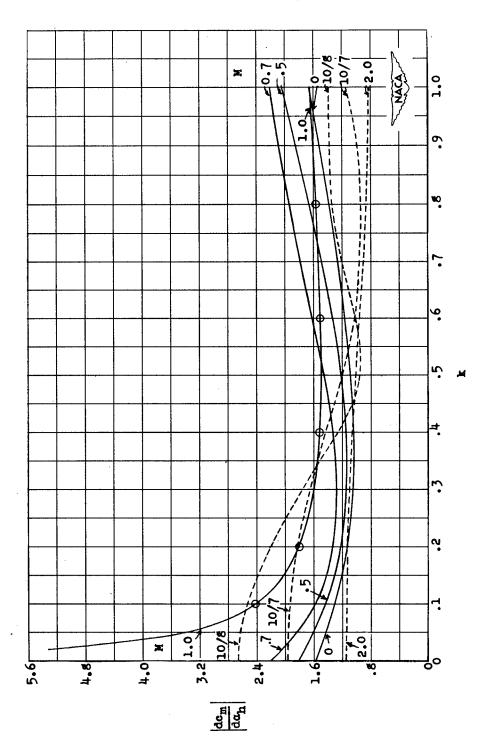
Figure 2.- Magnitude of lift-curve slope and moment-curve slope against reduced frequency for several Mach numbers.



(b) Lift-curve slope associated with pitching of wing.

$$\left|\frac{\mathrm{d}c_{2}}{\mathrm{d}\alpha}\right| = 4k^{2}\sqrt{L_{3}^{1/2} + L_{4}^{1/2}}.$$

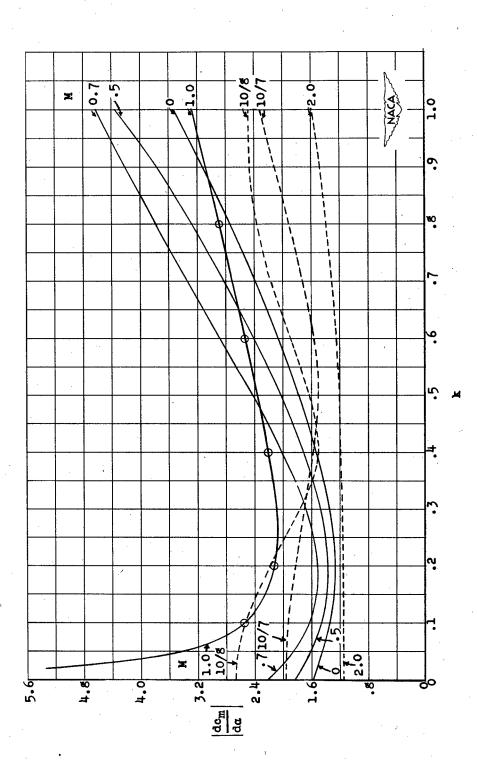
Figure 2.- Continued.



(c) Moment-curve slope associated with vertical translation.

$$\left|\frac{\mathrm{d}c_{\mathrm{m}}}{\mathrm{d}\alpha_{\mathrm{h}}}\right| = 2\mathrm{k}\sqrt{\mathrm{M}_{1}^{2} + \mathrm{M}_{2}^{2}}.$$

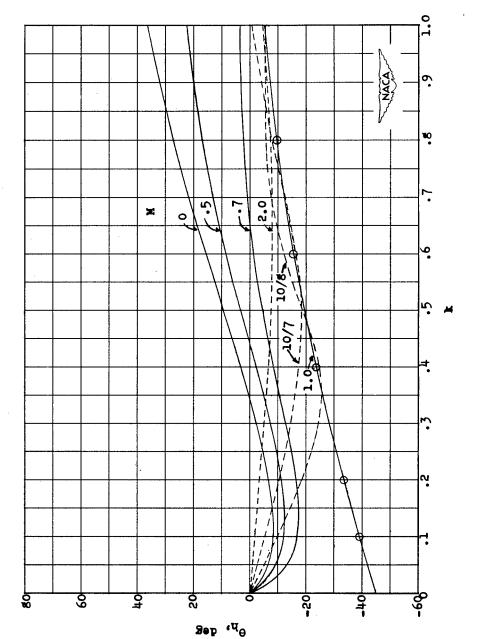
Figure 2.- Continued.



(d) Moment-curve slope associated with pitching of wing.

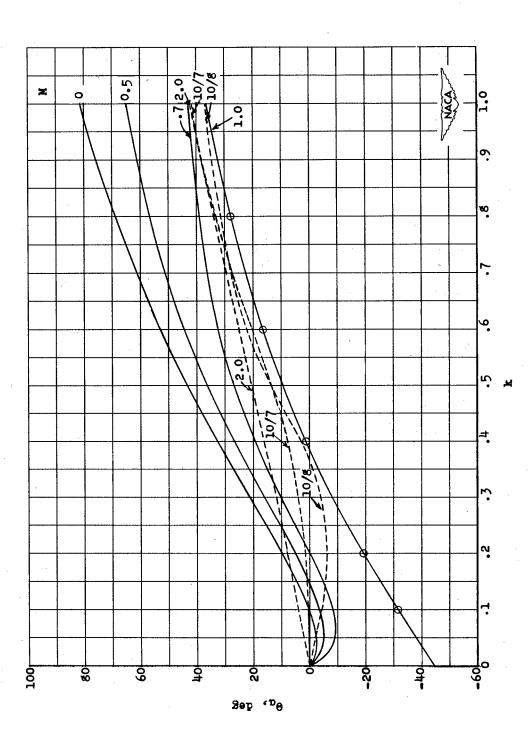
$$\left| \frac{dc_m}{d\alpha} \right| = 2k^2 \sqrt{M_3^{1/2} + M_{11}^{1/2}}$$
.

Figure 2.- Concluded.



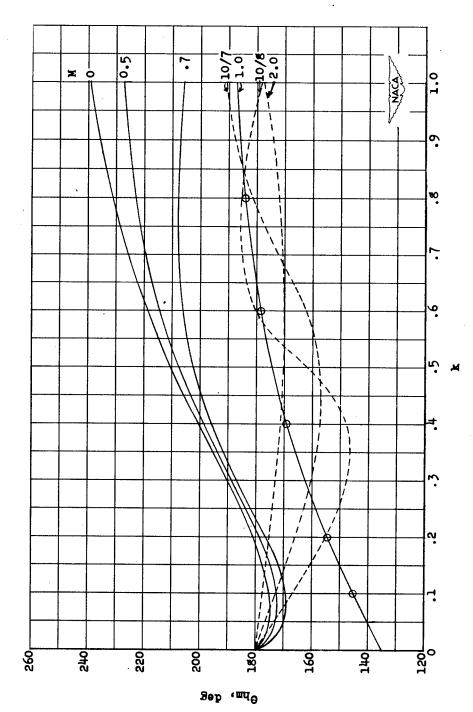
(a) Phase angle between lift vector due to vertical translation and vertical velocity vector i.

Figure 3.- Phase angles plotted against reduced frequency for several Mach numbers.



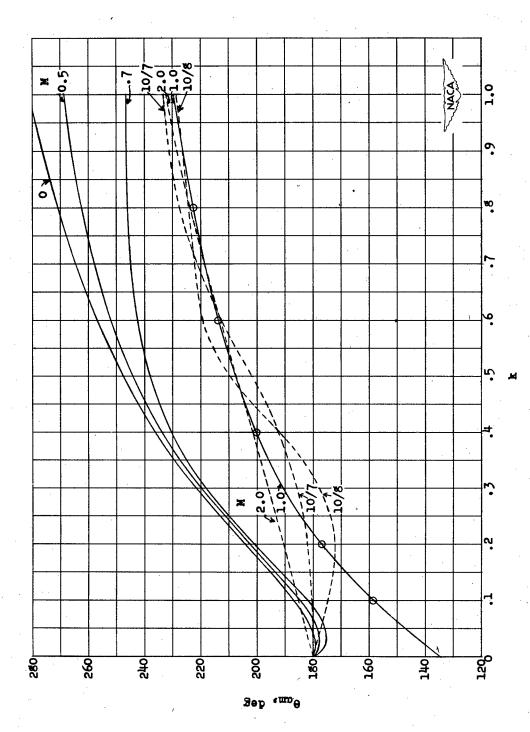
(b) Phase angle between lift vector due to pitching and angular displacement vector  $\,\alpha.\,$ 

Figure 3.- Continued.



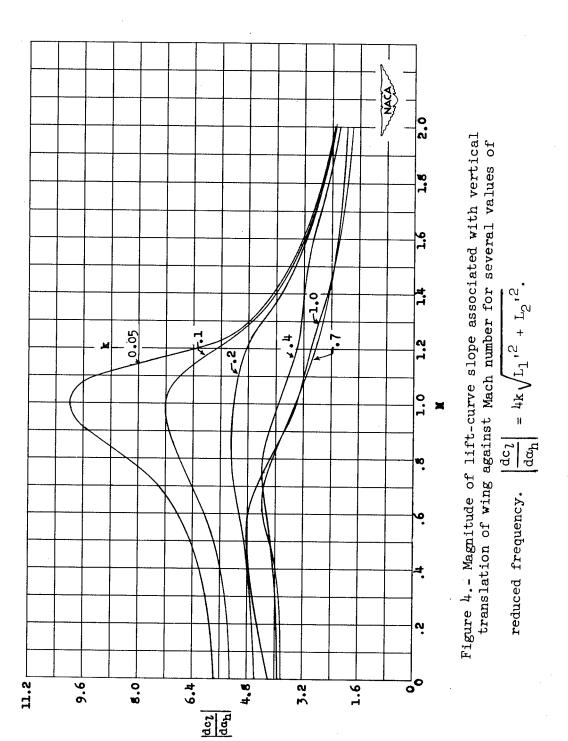
(c) Phase angle between moment vector due to vertical translation and vertical velocity vector h.

Figure 3.- Continued.



(d) Phase angle between moment vector due to pitching and angular displacement vector  $\alpha.$ 

Figure 3.- Concluded.



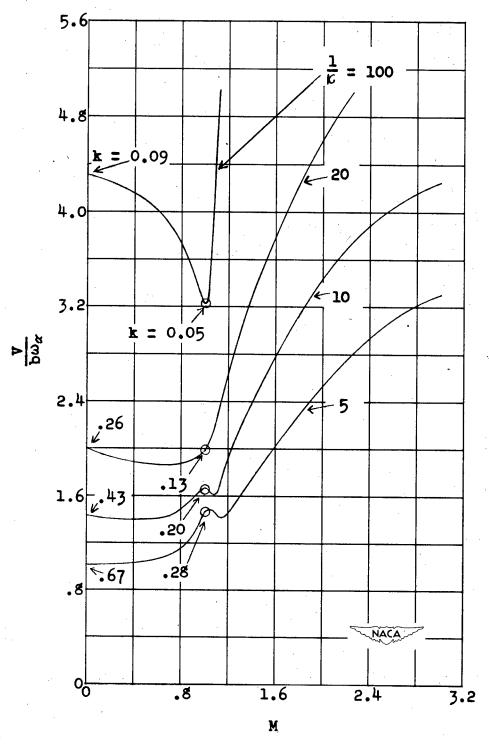


Figure 5.- Flutter-speed coefficient against Mach number for several values of  $1/\kappa$  when  $\frac{\omega_h}{\omega_\alpha}=0$ ,  $x_\alpha=0.2$ , and a=0. (Figure 18 of reference 5 modified to include calculated values indicated by circles.)

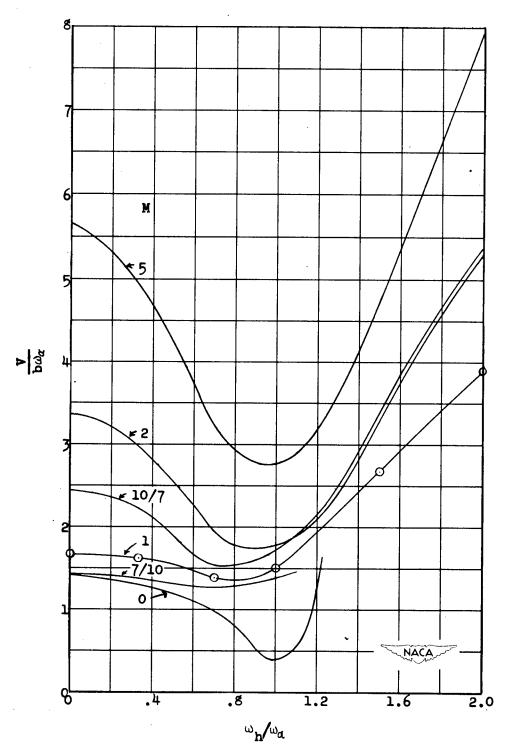


Figure 6.-Flutter-speed coefficient against frequency ratio for several values of M when a=0,  $x_{\alpha}=0.2$ , and  $\frac{1}{\kappa}=10$ . (Figure 19 of reference 5 modified to include calculated values indicated by circles.)

1. Flow, Compressible (1. 1. 2) 2. Vibration and Flutter - Wings and Alierons (4. 2. 1) I. Nelson, Herbert C. II. Berman, Julian H. III. NACA TN 2590	1. Flow, Compressible (1. 1. 2) 2. Vibration and Flutter - Wings and Alierons (4. 2. 1) I. Nelson, Herbert C. II. Berman, Julian H. III. NACA TN 2590
NACA TN 2590 National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. CALCULATIONS ON THE FORCES AND MOMENTS FOR AN OSCILLATING WING-ALLERON COMBINA- TION IN TWO-DIMENSIONAL POTENTIAL FLOW AT SOUNC SPEED. Herbert C. Nelson and Julian H. Berman. January 1952. 36p. diagrs., 2 tabs. (NACA TN 2590)  The linearized theory for compressible unsteady flow is used, as suggested in recent contributions to the subject, to obtain the velocity potential and the lift and moment for a thin, harmonically oscillating, two-dimensional wing-alleron combination moving at sonic speed. The velocity potential is derived by considering the sonic case as the limit of the linearized supersonic theory. The paper provides extensive tables of numerical values for the coefficients contained in the expressions for lift and moment, for various values of the reduced frequency Copies obtainable from NACA, Washington (over)	NACA TN 2590 National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. CALCULATIONS ON THE FORCES AND MOMENTS FOR AN OSCILLATING WING-AILERON COMBINA- TION IN TWO-DIMENSIONAL POTENTIAL FLOW AT SONIC SPEED. Herbert C. Nelson and Julian H. Berman. January 1952. 36p. diagrs., 2 tabs. (NACA TN 2590)  The linearized theory for compressible unsteady flow is used, as suggested in recent contributions to the subject, to obtain the velocity potential and the lift and moment for a thin, harmonically oscillating, two-dimensional wing-aileron combination moving at sonic speed. The velocity potential is derived by considering the sonic case as the limit of the line- arized supersonic theory. The paper provides ex- tensive tables of numerical values for the coeffi- cients contained in the expressions for lift and moment, for various values of the reduced frequency Copies obtainable from NACA, Washington  (over)
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 $k(0 \!<\! k \!\leq\! 3.5)$  and aileron hinge position (from 10 to 90 percent of the wing chord).

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 $k(0 \!<\! k \!\leq\! 3.5)$  and alteron hinge position (from 10 to 90 percent of the wing chord).

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